

## Cross Classification

Factor B	Factor A		
	1	2	3
1	$a_1b_1$	$a_2b_1$	$a_3b_1$
2	$a_1b_2$	$a_2b_2$	$a_3b_2$
3	$a_1b_3$	$a_2b_3$	$a_3b_3$

All levels of Factor A occur in combination with all levels of Factor B.

## Nested Factors B Nested Within A

Factor B	Factor A		
	1	2	3
1	$a_1b_1$	$a_2b_4$	$a_3b_7$
2	$a_1b_2$	$a_2b_5$	$a_3b_8$
3	$a_1b_3$	$a_2b_6$	$a_3b_9$

Different levels of Factor B occur within each level of Factor A.

## Nested Factors

### A Familiar Example – One-Way ANOVA

$$Y_{ij} = \mu + T_i + \varepsilon_{(i)j}$$

Treatments	Plots			
1	1	2	3	4
2	5	6	7	8
3	9	10	11	12
4	13	14	15	16

- No two plots are exactly the same
- $\therefore$  plots are nested in treatments
- The parentheses around i subscript in the error term indicate that j (plots) is nested within i (treatments)

## Nested Factors

### B Nested Within A

#### Linear Additive Model:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu + A_i + B_{(i)j} + \varepsilon_{(ij)k}$$

Where:

$Y_{ijk}$  = variable to be analyzed from the  $k^{\text{th}}$  experimental unit

$\mu$  = overall mean

$A_i$  = effect of the  $i^{\text{th}}$  level of A

$B_{(i)j}$  = effect of the  $j^{\text{th}}$  level of B within the  $i^{\text{th}}$  level of A

$\varepsilon_{(ij)k}$  = experimental error associated with  $k^{\text{th}}$  experimental unit,  $NID(0, s^2)$

## Nested Factors ANOVA

### Degrees of Freedom:

Factor A	(I - 1)
Factor B within A	I(J - 1)
Error	IJ(K - 1)

## Nested Factors ANOVA

### Sums of Squares:

Factor A

(I - 1)

$(\bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}_{...})^2$

$$SS(A) = JK \sum_{i=1}^I (\bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}_{...})^2$$

## Nested Factors

### ANOVA

#### Sums of Squares:

Factor B within A

$$I(J - 1) = IJ - I$$

$$(\bar{y}_{ij.} - \bar{y}_{i..})^2$$

$$SS(B) = K \sum_{i=1}^I \sum_{j=1}^J (\bar{y}_{ij.} - \bar{y}_{i..})^2$$

## Nested Factors

### ANOVA

#### Sums of Squares:

Error

$$IJ(K - 1) = IJK - IJ$$

$$(y_{ijk} - \bar{y}_{ij.})^2$$

$$SS(error) = \sum_{i=1}^I \sum_{j=1}^J \sum_{k=1}^K (y_{ijk} - \bar{y}_{ij.})^2$$

## Nested Factors

### Relationship Between Nested and Factorial SS

**MODEL Y = plant leaf(plant) ;**

Source	DF	Anova SS
plant	3	7.56034583
leaf(plant)	8	2.63020000

**MODEL Y = plant | leaf;**

Source	DF	Anova SS
plant	3	7.56034583
leaf	2	1.21105833
plant*leaf	6	1.41914167

SS leaf(plant) = SS leaf + SS plant\*leaf = 1.211 + 1.419 = 2.630

df leaf(plant) = df leaf + df plant\*leaf = 2 + 6 = 8

## Nested Factors

### ANOVA

Mean Squares:

$$MS(A) = SS(A) / (I - 1)$$

$$MS(B/A) = SS(B/A) / I(J - 1)$$

$$MS(error) = SS(error) / [IJ(K - 1)]$$

## Nested Factors Expected Mean Squares

Model:  $Y_{ijk} = \mu + A_i + B_{(ij)} + \varepsilon_{(ij)k}$

Source	a F i	b R j	r R k	EMS
$A_i$	0	b	r	
$B_{(ij)}$	1	1	r	
$\varepsilon_{(ij)k}$	1	1	1	

## Nested Factors Expected Mean Squares

Model:  $Y_{ijk} = \mu + A_i + B_{(ij)} + \varepsilon_{(ij)k}$

Source	a F i	b R j	r R k	EMS
$A_i$	0	b	r	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_B^2 + br\Phi(A)$
$B_{(ij)}$	1	1	r	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_B^2$
$\varepsilon_{(ij)k}$	1	1	1	$\sigma^2$

### Lorenzen and Anderson, Problems 4.5 & 4.11

$$Y_{ijklm} = \mu + A_i + B_{(i)j} + C_{(ij)k} + D_l + AD_{il} + BD_{(i)jl} + CD_{(ij)kl} + E_{(l)m} + AE_{i(l)m} + BE_{(il)m} + CE_{(ijl)km}$$

Source	df	2 F i	2 R j	2 R k	2 R l	2 R m	EMS
A <sub>i</sub>	1	0	2	2	2	2	
B <sub>(i)j</sub>	2	1	1	2	2	2	
C <sub>(ij)k</sub>	4	1	1	1	2	2	
D <sub>l</sub>	1	2	2	2	1	2	
AD <sub>il</sub>	1	0	2	2	1	2	
BD <sub>(i)jl</sub>	2	1	1	2	1	2	
CD <sub>(ij)kl</sub>	4	1	1	1	1	2	
E <sub>(l)m</sub>	2	2	2	2	1	1	
AE <sub>i(l)m</sub>	2	0	2	2	1	1	
BE <sub>(il)m</sub>	4	1	1	2	1	1	
CE <sub>(ijl)km</sub>	8	1	1	1	1	1	

### Lorenzen and Anderson, Problems 4.5 & 4.11

$$Y_{ijklm} = \mu + A_i + B_{(i)j} + C_{(ij)k} + D_l + AD_{il} + BD_{(i)jl} + CD_{(ij)kl} + E_{(l)m} + AE_{i(l)m} + BE_{(il)m} + CE_{(ijl)km}$$

Source	df	2 F i	2 R j	2 R k	2 R l	2 R m	EMS
A <sub>i</sub>	1	0	2	2	2	2	$\sigma^2 + \sigma_{CE}^2 + 2\sigma_{BE}^2 + 4\sigma_{AE}^2 + 2\sigma_{CD}^2 + 4\sigma_{BD}^2 + 8\sigma_{AD}^2 + 4\sigma_C^2 + 8\sigma_B^2 + 16\Phi[A]$
B <sub>(i)j</sub>	2	1	1	2	2	2	$\sigma^2 + \sigma_{CE}^2 + 2\sigma_{BE}^2 + 2\sigma_{CD}^2 + 4\sigma_{BD}^2 + 4\sigma_C^2 + 8\sigma_B^2$
C <sub>(ij)k</sub>	4	1	1	1	2	2	$\sigma^2 + \sigma_{CE}^2 + 2\sigma_{CD}^2 + 4\sigma_C^2$
D <sub>l</sub>	1	2	2	2	1	2	$\sigma^2 + \sigma_{CE}^2 + 2\sigma_{BE}^2 + 8\sigma_E^2 + 2\sigma_{CD}^2 + 4\sigma_{BD}^2 + 16\sigma_D^2$
AD <sub>il</sub>	1	0	2	2	1	2	$\sigma^2 + \sigma_{CE}^2 + 2\sigma_{BE}^2 + 4\sigma_{AE}^2 + 2\sigma_{CD}^2 + 4\sigma_{BD}^2 + 8\sigma_{AD}^2$
BD <sub>(i)jl</sub>	2	1	1	2	1	2	$\sigma^2 + \sigma_{CE}^2 + 2\sigma_{BE}^2 + 2\sigma_{CD}^2 + 4\sigma_{BD}^2$
CD <sub>(ij)kl</sub>	4	1	1	1	1	2	$\sigma^2 + \sigma_{CE}^2 + 2\sigma_{CD}^2$
E <sub>(l)m</sub>	2	2	2	2	1	1	$\sigma^2 + \sigma_{CE}^2 + 2\sigma_{BE}^2 + 8\sigma_E^2$
AE <sub>i(l)m</sub>	2	0	2	2	1	1	$\sigma^2 + \sigma_{CE}^2 + 2\sigma_{BE}^2 + 4\sigma_{AE}^2$
BE <sub>(il)m</sub>	4	1	1	2	1	1	$\sigma^2 + \sigma_{CE}^2 + 2\sigma_{BE}^2$
CE <sub>(ijl)km</sub>	8	1	1	1	1	1	$\sigma^2 + \sigma_{CE}^2$

## Nested Factors

### Expected Mean Square Rules

The EMS for each model term consists of:

- $\sigma^2$
- a variance component associated with the term
- a variance component associated with each interaction with the term where 1) all other factors are random (sum-to-zero model) **or** 2) any mixed interaction that contains the term (independence model)
- a variance component for factors nested within the term

Coefficients:

- for  $\sigma^2$  is 1
- for all other components is equal to the product of all treatment levels not included in the main effect or interaction
- for nested components is equal to the product of all treatment levels not included in the component

## Nested Factors

### EMS Rules Example

Model:  $Y = A B(A) C AC B(A)C$

A and C fixed, B random

A	
B(A)	
C	
AC	
B(A)C	



## Nested Factors EMS Rules Example

Model:  $Y = A B(A) C AC B(A)C$   
A and C fixed, B random

A	$\sigma^2 + c\sigma^2_{B(A)} + bc\Phi(A)$
B(A)	$\sigma^2 + c\sigma^2_{B(A)}$
C	$\sigma^2 + \sigma^2_{B(A)C} + ab\Phi(C)$
AC	$\sigma^2 + \sigma^2_{B(A)C} + b\Phi(AC)$
B(A)C	$\sigma^2 + \sigma^2_{B(A)C}$

## Nested Factors Agronomic Example

Factors:

Region (R)

State (S)

Variety (V)

## Nested Factors Agronomic Example

Layout:

State Variety	Region					
	Midwest			Great Plains		
	IA	IL	IN	NE	KS	SD
1	11	21	31	41	51	
2	.	.	.	.	.	
3	.	.	.	.	.	
4	.	.	.	.	.	
5	.	.	.	.	.	
6	.	.	.	.	.	
7	.	.	.	.	.	
8	.	.	.	.	.	
9	.	.	.	.	.	
10	.	.	.	.	60	

## Nested Factors Agronomic Example

Model:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu + R_i + S_{(ij)} + V_{(ij)k} + \varepsilon_{(ijk)}$$

Where:

$R_i$  = effect of  $i^{\text{th}}$  region

$S_{(ij)}$  = effect of  $j^{\text{th}}$  state within  $i^{\text{th}}$  region

$V_{(ij)k}$  = effect of the  $k^{\text{th}}$  variety within the  $j^{\text{th}}$  state within  $i^{\text{th}}$  region

## Nested Factors Agronomic Example

### Expected Mean Squares:

Source	r	s	v	EMS
	F	R	R	
	i	j	k	
$R_i$	0	s	v	$\sigma^2 + \sigma^2_V + v\sigma^2_S + sv\Phi(R)$
$S_{(ij)}$	1	1	v	$\sigma^2 + \sigma^2_V + v\sigma^2_S$
$V_{(ij)k}$	1	1	1	$\sigma^2 + \sigma^2_V$
$\sigma_{(ijk)}$	1	1	1	$\sigma^2$

## Nested Factors Seed Experiment Example

### Factors:

State (S)	4	F
Variety (V)	2	F
Lot (L/V)	3	R
Treatment	3	F

## Nested Factors Seed Experiment Example

Layout:

State	1			2			3			4														
Variety	1		2		1		2		1		2													
Lot(V)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Treatment	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Linear Additive Model:

$$Y_{ijkl} = \mu + S_i + V_j + SV_{ij} + L_{(ij)k} + T_l + ST_{il} + VT_{jl} + SVT_{ijl} + LT_{(ij)kl}$$

## Nested Factors Seed Experiment Example Expected Mean Squares

Source	df	4 F i	2 F j	3 R k	3 F l	EMS
$S_i$	3	0	2	3	3	$3\sigma_L^2 + 18\Phi(S)$
$V_j$	1	4	0	3	3	$3\sigma_L^2 + 36\Phi(V)$
$SV_{ij}$	3	0	0	3	3	$3\sigma_L^2 + 9\Phi(SV)$
$L_{(ij)k}$	16	1	1	1	3	$3\sigma_L^2$
$T_l$	2	4	2	3	0	$\sigma_{LT}^2 + 24\Phi(T)$
$ST_{il}$	6	0	2	3	0	$\sigma_{LT}^2 + 6\Phi(ST)$
$VT_{jl}$	2	4	0	3	0	$\sigma_{LT}^2 + 12\Phi(VT)$
$SVT_{ijl}$	6	0	0	3	0	$\sigma_{LT}^2 + 3\Phi(SVT)$
$LT_{(ij)kl}$	32	1	1	1	0	$\sigma_{LT}^2$

## Nested Factors Seed Experiment Example SAS Code

```
proc glm;
  class state var lot trt;
  model germ = state var state*var lot(state*var)
    trt state*trt var*trt state*var*trt);
  test h=state var state*var e=lot(state*var);
run;
```

### Specifying Nested Effects:

- Use parentheses to indicate nesting of treatment factors
- Place factor in which nesting occurs within parentheses immediately after nested factor with no space between
- Corresponds to subscripts in linear model:  $L_{(ij)k}$

## Fixed Factors That Appear Nested

Chemical	Rate	g/ha
Kill Dead	.5x	200
	1x	400
	1.5x	600
Roadkill	.5x	2k
	1x	4k
	1.5x	6k

## Fixed Factors That Appear Nested

```

proc glm;
  class chem rate;
  model weed = chem | rate;
  lsmeans chem*rate / slice=chem;
run;
    
```

## Sliding Factors Example

Row Spacing	Population	plants / acre
30 in.	low	20k
	med.	25k
	high	30k
45-in.	low	15k
	med.	20k
	high	25k

## Sliding Factors Example

Treatment	Row Spacing	Population
1	30 in.	20k
2	30 in.	25k
3	30 in.	30k
4	45-in.	15k
5	45-in.	20k
6	45-in.	25k

## Sliding Factors Example

```

proc glm;
  class trt;
  model yld = trt;
  contrast 'row,overall' trt 1 1 1 -1 -1 -1;
  contrast '15v30k' trt 0 0 1 -1 0 0;
  contrast 'row,20-25k' trt 1 1 0 0 -1 -1;
  contrast 'pop,20v25k' trt 1 -1 0 0 1 -1;
  contrast 'row*pop,20-25k' trt 1 -1 0 0 -1 1;
run;

```